

Pakistan: Rise Of Terrorism Due To The Porous Border And Regional Instability

written by Hamna Seyyed | February 28, 2023



The Taliban's takeover of Afghanistan in 2020 has caused a great deal of concern among the international community, particularly with regards to the potential for a rise in terrorism in neighboring Pakistan. The Taliban's history of support for extremist groups and the presence of numerous Pakistan-based militant organizations provide cause for alarm. As such, it is important to consider the implications of the Taliban's takeover for Pakistan's security and stability. The most immediate concern is that the Taliban could provide a safe haven for extremist groups in Afghanistan, allowing them to operate and train more freely than before. This could lead to an influx of terrorists into Pakistan, as well as increased support for existing militant organizations. Moreover, a Taliban-controlled Afghanistan could provide a more attractive base of operations for those seeking to carry out terrorist attacks in Pakistan. The Taliban's takeover of Afghanistan could also lead to increased financial and material support for extremist groups in Pakistan, including through the provision of weapons and ammunition. In addition, the Taliban's victory in Afghanistan could embolden militant groups in Pakistan, leading to an increase in terrorist activity.



The Taliban's takeover could also create a more permissive environment for extremist ideologies in Pakistan, leading to an increase in radicalization and recruitment. Furthermore, the Taliban's victory could provide a morale boost to militant groups in Pakistan, further intensifying the threat of terrorism. Finally, the Taliban's takeover of Afghanistan could have a destabilizing effect on Pakistan's security situation. One of the recent attacks in Peshawar on a Mosque, that too in Police lines is a proof that terrorism has a chance to rise again in Pakistan after destabilization in Afghanistan. The Pakistani government is already facing a number of internal security threats, including from Baloch separatists, and a Taliban-controlled Afghanistan could further exacerbate these problems. Additionally, a Taliban-controlled Afghanistan could lead to increased regional tensions, as regional actors seek to protect their interests in the region. Pakistan has suffered greatly from the threat of terrorism due to its porous borders. The porous borders have allowed terrorists to move freely between countries and use Pakistan as a base for their activities. To overcome this threat, the Pakistani government needs to take a comprehensive and holistic approach to tackling the problem. The first step is to strengthen the security and surveillance of its borders.

This includes increasing the number of border patrols, installing surveillance technology, and improving border infrastructure. In addition, the government should work with neighboring countries to ensure that there is better coordination and communication between the two countries to prevent terrorists from crossing the border. The second step is to improve the intelligence gathering capabilities of the security forces. This includes the creation of a unified intelligence system that can track and monitor potential terrorist activities. Additionally, the government should invest in training and equipping its security forces to better detect and respond to terrorist threats. The third step is to strengthen the legal and judicial system. This includes the implementation of strict anti-terrorism laws and the prosecution of those

involved in terrorist activities. Additionally, the government should work with international partners to ensure that suspected terrorists are brought to justice. Finally, the government should take steps to strengthen social cohesion and reduce radicalization of the population. This includes providing economic opportunities for the youth, investing in education and increasing access to mental health services. Additionally, the government should work to ensure that all citizens receive equal rights and respect. By taking these steps, the government of Pakistan can significantly reduce the threat of terrorism and make its borders more secure.

In conclusion, the Taliban's takeover of Afghanistan could lead to a rise in terrorism in neighboring Pakistan, as well as greater regional instability. It is therefore essential that the international community takes steps to mitigate the potential risks posed by the Taliban's victory, including through increased support for counter-terrorism efforts in Pakistan and diplomatic efforts to reduce regional tensions.